Technische Universität München Fakultät für Informatik Lehrstuhl für Effiziente Algorithmen Prof. Dr. Ernst W. Mayr Chris Pinkau

# **Complexity Theory**

## Due date: May 25, 2015 before class!

#### Problem 1 (10 Points)

Prove the existence of a nondeterministic universal Turing machine. That is, prove that there exists a representation scheme of NTMs, and an NTM NU such that for every string  $\alpha$ , and input x,  $NU(\alpha, x) = M_{\alpha}(x)$ :

- 1. Prove that there exists a universal NTM NU such that if  $M_{\alpha}$  halts on x within T steps, then NU halts on  $(\alpha, x)$  within  $cT \log T$  steps, where c is a constant only dependent on  $\alpha$ .
- 2. Prove that there is such a universal NTM that runs on these inputs in at most cT steps.

#### Problem 2 (10 Points)

Show that  $\mathbf{SPACE}(n) \neq \mathcal{NP}$ . (Note that it is unknown if either class is contained in the other.)

#### Problem 3 (10 Points)

Define the class  $\mathbf{E} = \bigcup_{c} \mathbf{DTIME}(2^{cn}).$ 

- 1. Is **E** closed under polynomial-time reductions?
- 2. Show that  $\mathcal{P}^{\mathbf{E}} = \mathbf{E}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{P}$ .

### Problem 4 (10 Points)

- 1. Show that  $\mathcal{NP}$  and  $co\mathcal{NP}$  both are subsets of the set of languages which are polynomial-time Turing reducible to SAT.
- 2. Prove that if  $\mathcal{NP}$  was equal to the set of languages which are polynomial-time Turing reducible to SAT, it would follow that  $\mathcal{NP} = co\mathcal{NP}$ .