## 19 Bipartite Matching via Flows

- Input: undirected, bipartite graph $G=\left(L \uplus R \uplus\{s, t\}, E^{\prime}\right)$.
- Direct all edges from $L$ to $R$.
- Add source $s$ and connect it to all nodes on the left.
- Add $t$ and connect all nodes on the right to $t$.
- All edges have unit capacity.



## Proof

Max cardinality matching in $G \leq$ value of maxflow in $G^{\prime}$

- Given a maximum matching $M$ of cardinality $k$.
- Consider flow $f$ that sends one unit along each of $k$ paths.
- $f$ is a flow and has cardinality $k$.


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Max cardinality matching in $G \geq$ value of maxflow in $G^{\prime}$

- Let $f$ be a maxflow in $G^{\prime}$ of value $k$
- Integrality theorem $\Rightarrow k$ integral; we can assume $f$ is $0 / 1$.
- Consider $M=$ set of edges from $L$ to $R$ with $f(e)=1$.
- Each node in $L$ and $R$ participates in at most one edge in $M$.
- $|M|=k$, as the flow must use at least $k$ middle edges.



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Which flow algorithm to use?

- Generic augmenting path: $\mathcal{O}\left(m \operatorname{val}\left(f^{*}\right)\right)=\mathcal{O}(m n)$.
- Capacity scaling: $\mathcal{O}\left(m^{2} \log C\right)=\mathcal{O}\left(m^{2}\right)$.

