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Formally one would make an induction proof, where the above is the induction step. The base case is usually trivial.



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Hence, statement is true if we choose $d \ge c$.

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If we do not do this we instead consider the following recurrence:

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Note that we can do this as for constant-sized inputs the running time is always some constant (*b* in the above case).



We also make a guess of $T(n) \le dn \log n$ and get

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$$\log \frac{9}{16}n = \log n + (\log 9 - 4) = dn \log n + (\log 9 - 4)dn + 2d \log n + cn$$



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for a suitable choice of d.